The sub-THz direct spectroscopy of positronium hyperfine splitting

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Hyperfine Splitting of Positronium(Ps-HFS)

The energy difference of o-Ps and p-Ps is called (ground-state) Ps-HFS.



Direct Measurements of Ps-HFS



- •203GHz radiation drives transition from *o*-Ps to *p*-Ps.
- •Transiting p-Ps promptly(125 ps) decays into 2- γ rays.
- \rightarrow Increase of 2- γ annihilation indicates the direct transition.
- •Since this is a magnetic dipole transition (M1), natural transition rate is extremely small (A = $3.37 \cdot 10^{-8} \text{ s}^{-1}$)

High power radiation of O (10kW) is essential to stimulate the transition.

Two key devices



Gyrotron oscillator

•Gyrotron is a very high power terahertz-wave source developed to ignite the nuclear fusion.

•Electrons in cyclotron motion under a magnetic field (7.4T) resonates a cavity to extract terahertz-wave radiation. (cyclotron maser resonance)

•Linearly polarized gaussian beam is shaped by an internal mode converter.

•Over 100W, monochromatic $(\Delta f=1MHz)$ and pulsed operation (duty ratio=30%)



Fabry-Pérot cavity





A Photograph of Ps-assembly & γ-ray detectors



Current result (transition @ 202.9 GHz with 10kW)

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We observed the direct transition at one frequency point.



The direct transition is observed with significance of 5.4σ.
The accuracy of the absolute power calibration of 203GHz radiation inside the Fabry-Pérot cavity is 30%.

Next step for the Ps-HFS measurement

Problems of the current system:

i) The oscillation frequency of the gyrotron is fixed (202.9 GHz).

ii) Accumulated power in the Fabry-Pérot cavity is limited to 10 kW.



Our Solutions:

i) Replacing gyrotron cavities of different diameters to change the frequency.

ii) Developing a golden mesh mirror evaporated on silicon substrate.

Gyrotron cavity & Frequency swept



- •The cavity is waveguide-like resonator in which electron moves in cyclotron motion.
- •The oscillation frequency is changed by different diameters of the cavity.
- •We have already obtained all frequency points needed to measure Ps-HFS.

Power is limited by the golden mesh



Previous golden mesh mirror was evaporated on a quartz (κ =5 WK⁻¹m⁻¹, very small !) substrate. →Unable to be cooled with water

Fabry-Pérot resonator with water cooling

High-resistance silicon (κ=150 WK⁻¹m⁻¹) is selected as a new substrate.
The interference between silicon and the gold is carefully analyzed.



Equivalent power of over 20 kW in the Fabry-Pérot cavity is obtained.
 Water cooling works very well.

Future prospects



- Within one year, the direct measurement of Ps-HFS will be firstly performed with accuracy of O(100) ppm.
 - The transition measurement for each one frequency point takes about one month.
- To study Ps-HFS discrepancy (15 ppm)
 - The accuracy of the relative power estimation of terahertz radiation should be less than 0.3%. (A technological challenge in the terahertz region)
 - Statistic should be improved using a positron beam.
 - Positronium should be formed in vacuum to eliminate the systematic errors due to gas, such as a thermalization effect of positronium.

Summary

- There is a large discrepancy about Ps-HFS between previous measurements and a QED prediction.
- We present direct measurements using sub-THz technology as a possible solution in the future.
- A direct transition from o-Ps to p-Ps is firstly observed with a gyrotron and a Fabry-Pérot resonator.
- Studies of frequency swept and higher power accumulation have been already finished.
- We will directly measure Ps-HFS value in about a year for the first time.